

**Algebra 2 - Trig Ratios - Study Guide****Degrees to Radians**

1. Express the angle  $45^\circ$  in radians. Your answer should include  $\pi$ .
2. Express the angle  $320^\circ$  in radians. Your answer should include  $\pi$ .
3. Rewrite  $675^\circ$  in radian measure as a multiple of  $\pi$ .

**Radians to Degrees**

4. Write the angle  $\frac{3\pi}{5}$  radians in degrees.
5. Write the angle  $-\frac{7\pi}{4}$  radians in degrees.
6. Rewrite  $-\frac{7\pi}{18}$  in degree measure.

**Quadrant of an Angle**

7. Determine the quadrant in which an angle,  $\theta$ , lies if  $\theta = \frac{5\pi}{4}$ .
8. In which quadrant does the terminal side of a  $118^\circ$  angle lie?

**Coterminal**

9. Find the measure of an angle between  $0^\circ$  and  $360^\circ$  coterminal with an angle of  $-110^\circ$  in standard position.
10. Determine two coterminal angles (one positive and one negative) for  $\theta = -489^\circ$ .
11. Determine two coterminal angles (one positive and one negative) for  $\theta = \frac{3\pi}{4}$ .

**Rationalize the Denominator**

12. Rewrite  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{3}}$  without radicals in the denominator.
13. Rewrite  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{7}}$  without radicals in the denominator.

**Using the Unit Circle**

14. Find the exact value for  $\tan 60^\circ$
15. Determine the exact value of  $\sin(225^\circ)$ .
16. Determine the exact value of  $\sin(-315^\circ)$ .

17. Determine the exact value of  $\sec 300^\circ$ .

18. Find the exact value for  $\cos \frac{\pi}{4}$

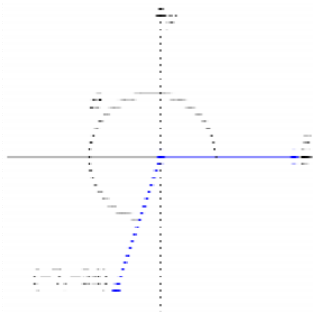
19. Determine the exact value of the sine of the angle  $\pi$ .

20. Find the exact value for  $\cot \frac{5\pi}{3}$ .

21. Find the exact value of  $\sin\left(-\frac{4\pi}{3} \text{ radians}\right)$ .

### X, Y, and R (not unit circle)

22. Given the figure below, determine the value of  $\sin \theta$ .



23. Find the value of  $r$  for the ordered pair  $(2, -6)$ .

24. The point  $(8, 15)$  is on the terminal side of an angle in standard position. Determine the exact value of  $\cos \theta$ .

25. The point  $(-5, -12)$  is on the terminal side of an angle in standard position. Determine the exact value of  $\tan \theta$ .

26. If  $\theta$  is in quadrant I and  $\cot \theta = \frac{1}{3}$ , determine  $\sin \theta$ .

27. If  $\theta$  is in quadrant II  $\csc \theta = \frac{1}{4}$ , determine  $\sin \theta$ .

28. If  $\theta$  is in quadrant IV  $\tan \theta = -5$ , determine  $\cos \theta$ .

### Graphs

29. What is the amplitude of  $f(x) = -12 \cos(4x)$ ?

30. What is the amplitude of  $f(x) = \frac{2}{5} \sin(x)$ ?

31. What is the period of  $f(x) = \frac{2}{5} \sin(x)$ ?

32. What is the period of  $f(x) = 5 \cos(3x) - 2$ ?

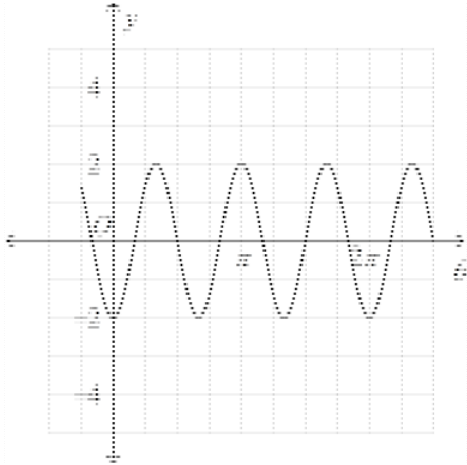
33. What is the midline of  $f(x) = 4 \cos(2x) - 5$ ?

34. What is the midline of  $f(x) = 4 \cos(2x) - 5$ ?

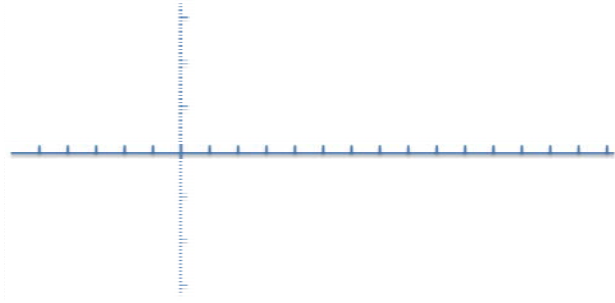
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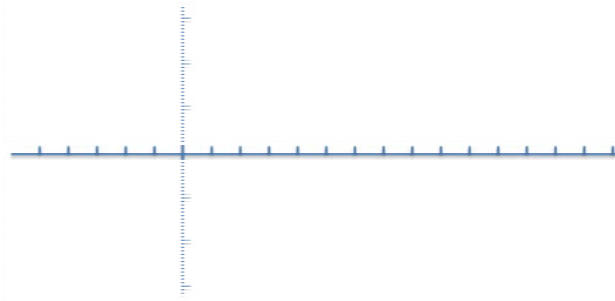
35. Write a cosine function for the graph.



36. Sketch the graph of  $2\cos(x)$ . Include labels on the axes.



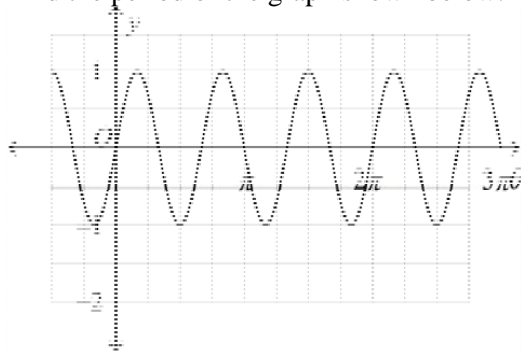
37. Sketch the graph of  $3\sin(2x)$ . Include labels on the axes.



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38. Find the period of the graph shown below.



39. Find the amplitude of the sine curve shown below.

